

The Prophet & The Qur'an#14:

1|68 بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

ن وَالْقَلَمِ وَمَا يَسْطُرُونَ

2| مَا أَنْتَ بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّكَ بِمَجْنُونٍ

3| وَإِنَّ لَكَ لَأَجْرًا غَيْرَ مَمْنُونٍ

4| وَإِنَّكَ لَعَلَى خُلُقٍ عَظِيمٍ

The Mystical Letters of
The Qur'an

Surah al-Qalam (The Pen, 68)

With the Name of God, All-Merciful, Most Merciful

- 1) N. By The Pen, and what they have written!
- 2) You are not, by the Grace of Your Lord, insane.
 - 3) And Truly, for you,
there is surely a reward without end.
 - 4) And Truly, you are surely upon
A Great Character (amongst men)!

Surah al-Qalam (The Pen, 68)

- Traditional authorities: this passage was the second to be revealed to the Prophet, may God bless him and grant him peace, after the initial revelation on the Mountain of Light in the Cave of Hira

- The first revelation mentioned:

الَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ

The One Who Taught By The Pen

- The second revelation: ن وَالْقَلَمِ وَمَا يَسْطُرُونَ
N. By The Pen, and what they write!

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

- A. L. M. *That is the Book!* (2: The Heifer)
- A. L. M. *God!* (3: The Family of Amram)
- A. L. M. Š. *A Book revealed ...* (7: The Heights)
- A. L. R. *Signs of the Wise Book* (10: Jonah)
- A. L. R. *A Book, whereof the Signs ..* (11: Hud)
- A. L. R. *Signs of the Clear Book* (12: Joseph)
- A. L. M. R. *Signs of the Book* (13: Thunder)
- A. L. R. *A Book, We revealed* (14: Abraham)
- A. L. R. *Signs & Clear Recitation.* (15: The Rock Dwellings)

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

- K. H. Y. ‘. S. *Remember Mercy* (19: Mary)
- Ŧ. H. *Qur’an not for you to be miserable* (20)
- T. S. M. *Signs of A Clear Book* (26: The Poets)
- T. S. *Signs of the Recitation* (27: The Ants)
- T. S. M. *Signs of A Clear Book* (28: The Story)
- A. L. M. *Do people think that?* (29: The Spider)
- A. L. M. *Romans defeated.* (30: The Romans)
- A. L. M. *Signs of the Wise Book* (31: Luqman)
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- A. L. M. *Revelation* (32: Prostration)

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

Y. S. *The Wise Qur'an* (36: Ya Sin)

Š. *Qur'an, Full of Remembrance!* (38: Saad)

H. M. *Revelation of the Book* (40: The Forgiver)

H. M. *Signs Explained* (41: HM, the Prostration)

H. M. ' . S. Q. *He inspires you* (42: Consultation)

H. M. *The Clear Book* (43: Golden Ornaments)

H. M. *The Clear Book* (44: Smoke)

H. M. *Revelation of the Book* (45: Kneeling)

~~H. M. *Revelation of the Book* (46: The Wind-Curved Sand-Dunes)~~

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطّعات

Q. *By the Majestic Qur'an!* (50: Qaf)

N. *By the Pen!* (68- The Pen)

In total, 29 surahs of the Qur'an begin with
Disconnected Letters

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

Tabari: Possible meanings of these letters:

1. Names of the Qur'an
2. Opening passages of the Qur'an
3. Name of the surah (chapter)
4. God's Greatest Name, اسم الله الأعظم
5. Names of God
6. Names of God, as well as Oaths by which God swears (God swears by His Names)

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

7. Letters of the alphabet from the Names of God
8. Individual letters of Arabic nouns and verbs; each letter has a unique meaning
9. Letters of the alphabet, composed by Man
10. Each letter has diverse, multiple meanings
11. 29 sets of initials of the Names of God
12. Signification of God's favours and tests
13. Appointed temporal terms of nations (time)

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

Jesus, son of Mary, said:

Amazing! They speak in His Names and live in His sustenance, then how do they reject / cover (Truth)?

A is the initial of *Allah* (God), and His Favours (آلاء الله).

L is the initial of *al-Lateef* (The Subtle, Kind).

M is the initial of *al-Majeed* (The Majestic) ...

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

Appointed temporal terms of nations (time):

Jesus, son of Mary, continued ...

A denotes 1 year

L denotes 30 years

M denotes 40 years

(Tafsir Tabari #243; cf. the Abjad numerical system – search for article on UNITY1.STORE)

The Abjad Numerical System

أبجد هوز حطي كلمن سعفص قرشت ثخذ ضظغ

10=ي 9=ط 8=ح 7=ز 6=و 5=ه 4=د 3=ج 2=ب 1=ا

90=ص 80=ف 70=ع 60=س 50=ن 40=م 30=ل 20=ك

600=خ 500=ث 400=ت 300=ش 200=ر 100=ق

1,000=غ 900=ظ 800=ض 700=ذ

The Abjad Numerical System

**ABJD HWZ ĤŤY KLMN
S'FŠ QRShT ThKhDh ĎŽGh**

A=1 B=2 J=3 D=4 H=5 W=6 Z=7 Ĥ=8 Ť=9
Y=10

K=20 L=30 M=40 N=50 S=60 ' =70 F=80 Š=90

Q=100 R=200 SH=300 T=400 TH=500 KH=600

DH=700 Ď=800 Ž=900 GH=1,000

Username/Passwords from the Abjad Numerical System

E.g. The numerical value of USAMA (أسامة):
 $1+60+1+40+5 = 107$

My old email username was USAMA107

Also: “normalise” it in Base 10:

$$107 = 100+7 = Q+Z \text{ or } Z+Q$$

Hence, usernames/passwords QZ107, ZQ107,
etc.

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

14. Every Scripture has a secret or mystery: the secret or mystery of the Qur'an is in these
15. Experts of Arabic: these represent the 28 letters of the alphabet: the ones that occur represent those that do not occur
[Exactly half of the Arabic letters, i.e. 14, occur amongst the Disconnected Letters; the other half do not. The former signify the manifest or witnessed; the latter signify the hidden or unseen (ظاهر, باطن, الشهادة, الغيب)]

[Raising hands in prayer: 28 joints on digits]

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

16. The surahs begin with these to open the ears of the idolaters towards hearing the Qur'an, for they had advised each other to turn away from it (ignore it). So the surahs begin with the letters, with which they are familiar
17. God begins His Speech with these letters
18. Is there anything in the Qur'an without meaning?
- ~~19. Such letters are used in Arabic poetry as abbreviations for full words~~

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

20. **A Functional View:** the import is that the inimitable, miraculous Qur'an is composed of individual letters or sounds that are known to every speaker. We are able to repeat the basic sounds, but not to compose a Qur'an like it – this is a frequently-repeated challenge within the Qur'an itself. This view is supported by the fact that the letters are nearly always followed by a reference to the Qur'an itself.

(Leading linguists & commentators: Mubarrad, Farra', Zamakhshari, Ibn Taymiyyah, Mizzi, Ibn Kathir) – *cf. Introduction to the Qur'an, unity1.store*

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

- 21. A Linguistic View:** The letters occur in groups of 1-5, but no more. This mirrors the nature of the Arabic language, where all words are derived from root words that have 1-5 root letters. The vast majority of Arabic words have, of course, precisely three root letters, and three-letter groups are by far the most common amongst the mysterious letters [As may be verified from the list of “mysterious-letter” openings given earlier, the number of occurrences of the letters in groups of size 1-5 are, respectively: 3, 9, 13, 2 and 2 (total: 29).]

The Mystical (Disconnected) Letters

الحروف المقطعات

22. A “Phonetical-Etymological” View:

Arabic letters have individual meanings, as found by a process of induction with one letter or two-letter words. For example, the Alif (A or “a” sound) is used for asking questions; M similarly, as in *ma* (what) and *man* (who) but also denotes plurality at the end of many pronouns; L is often used for negation, as in *la* (no), *lam* (not) and *lan* (never).

Shah Waliullah of Delhi on the Phonetic-Etymological View

- N (ن) means Light (*nur*, نور) which penetrates the darkness and is dispersed like a state that is seen at the time of true dawn or near the time of the setting of the sun
- Y (ي) is similar to N, save that there is less light in it and it is specified less than the guttural H (ح)
- [COMMENT: The ن was originally a semicircle (without the dot), like a crescent moon in Mecca. The semicircle also implies a full circle (rising or setting sun or moon).]



**A NEW CRESCENT MOON: SHAPE OF THE
ARABIC LETTER *NUN* (*NOON*)**

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7. Usama Hasan, <https://unity1.store/wp-content/uploads/2009/06/numerical-values-of-the-mysterious-letters-of-the-quran.pdf>